

PEDIATRIC INFECTIOUS DISEASE SOCIETY OF THE PHILIPPINES SUPPORTS :



National **DEWORMING** Month



1. What is deworming?

Deworming is a process of administering medications (antihelminthics) to eliminate intestinal worms from the human body.

2. What are intestinal worms?

- Intestinal worms, also known as Soil-Transmitted Helminths (STH) are parasites that live inside the human intestines causing various health problems.
- Worms lay eggs which are passed in the feces & become infective as they mature in soil.

• Most common are roundworms (Ascaris), whipworms, and hookworms.



3. How do you get infected with worms?

Worm eggs & immature worms are found in soil contaminated with human feces.

They enter the body through:



- Ingestion with dirty hands
- Contaminated food & water
- Skin penetration when walking barefoot (hookworm)
- Inhalation of worm eggs



4. What are the common signs & symptoms of worm infection?

- abdominal pain
- weight loss
- abdominal distention
- pallor
- nausea

- vomiting
- rectal prolapse
- blood in the stool
- physical and cognitive growth retardation



5. How do you treat worm infection?

- Deworming !!
- Consult your doctor or local health facility

6. What are the strategies to control worm infection?

<u>WASH+D</u>



- <u>WA</u>ter: improve access to clean water
- <u>Sanitation</u>: improve sanitation facilities & achieve Zero Open Defecation (ZOD)
- <u>Hygiene: reduce transmission &</u> reinfection thru hygienic practices
- <u>D</u>eworming: periodic deworming in the community



References : https://nnc.gov.ph/regional-offices/luzon/national-capital-region/6869-oplan-goodbye-bulate https://www.cdc.gov/parasites/sth/index.html. Accessed 22 Jun 2023